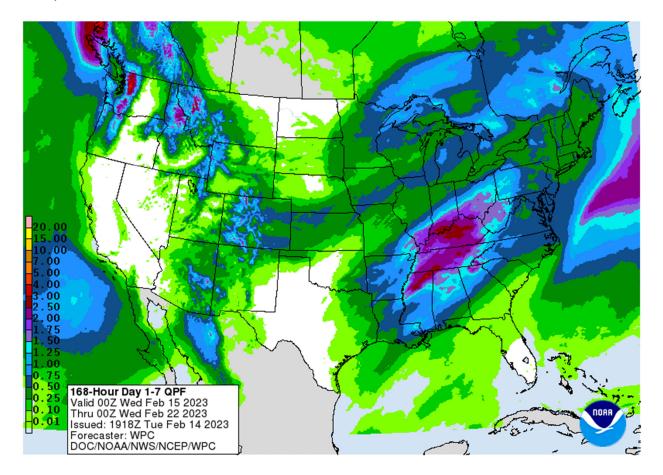


Lower trade in soybean meal pressured soybeans. The reversal in meal/oil spreads did lift most SBO contracts higher. Corn ended mixed and Chicago wheat lower. Lack of direction and volatile outside commodity markets led to a choppy trade in US ags. A Bloomberg poll looks for weekly US ethanol production to be up 4,000 thousand barrels to 1004k (980-1020 range) from the previous week and stocks up 115,000 barrels to 24.532 million.

Weather

The trade will be monitoring rain across Brazil this week with ongoing planting and harvesting delays from too much rain. Mato Grosso, MGDS, south Minas, Sao Paulo, Parana, Santa Catarina, and north RGDS will all see rain this week. Argentina rain should favor Cordoba, Santa Fe, Enter Rios, Buenos Aires through today. Far western US Great Plains will see snow this week, which includes eastern CO and KS.



World Weather, INC.

MOST IMPORTANT WEATHER FOR THE DAY

• Southern Argentina will finish out the month of February drier than usual with crop moisture stress still pressuring production potentials

- Northern Argentina will get some timely rainfall during the next two weeks to improve minor grain and oilseed production areas as well as cotton production areas
 - Locally heavy rain is possible, but most of the region will need follow up precipitation to maintaining the improving trend
- Argentina temperatures will trend cooler than usual for a little while this weekend and early next week and then warm back to near normal.
- Mato Grosso, Brazil has seen some improved soybean harvest weather recently and it may continue into the weekend
 - o Some Safrinha corn planting progress has likely been made as well
- Mato Grosso, Brazil will experience increasing rainfall frequency coverage and intensity this weekend into next week slowing fieldwork and raising a new wave of concern over Safrinha corn and cotton production potentials
- Brazil's wettest conditions will remain in Parana, Mato Grosso do Sul, Sao Paulo and southern Minas Gerais during the next two weeks
 - Fieldwork progress will be slowest in these areas and concern over unharvested soybean and rice conditions may rise
 - Coffee, citrus and sugarcane areas might also become a little too wet later this month after rain increases later this week into next week
 - Sugarcane already has need to more sunshine and warmer temperatures
- Northeastern Brazil has the greatest need for rain along with portions of Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil and neighboring areas of Paraguay
 - Precipitation may continue restricted in these areas for the next two weeks
- U.S. hard red winter wheat areas in the central Plains will get some needed snow and rain tonight and Wednesday ending Thursday
 - Moisture totals will be sufficient to induce some better topsoil conditions, but additional rain will be needed
 - Snow accumulations of 2 to 6 inches are expected
 - Not much follow up precipitation is expected for a while
- Southwestern U.S. Plains are unlikely to get much precipitation for a while leaving West Texas, the Texas Panhandle and western Oklahoma looking for greater precipitation
- South Texas and the Texas Coastal Bend need significant rain to support spring planting late this month and in March, but not much is expected in the next two weeks.
- Florida, southern Georgia and southern South Carolina may not get much moisture for a while
- U.S. Midwest, Delta and Tennessee River Basin will be plenty wet over the next two weeks
- Precipitation in the U.S. Midwest will be sufficient to maintain favorable soil moisture over the next two weeks
- California and neighboring areas of the far west are not likely to see much precipitation of significance for a while
- Cold air is advertised to build up across central and western Canada this weekend and especially next week
 - Temperatures will be notably below average in the Prairies next week with some areas in the northern Plains and also impacted by the cold
 - Until the weekend, temperatures this week will be warmer than usual in the eastern half of the United States
- Canada's Prairies and the northern U.S. Plains will receive limited precipitation this week until the cold begins to build up in Canada at which time snow will begin to fall in the northern Plains and across a part of the northern Plains.
- Europe precipitation will continue restricted most of this workweek as it has been for nearly ten days

- Precipitation may increase in Eastern Europe briefly during the weekend and early next week offering a boost in topsoil moisture.
 - Some snow accumulation may occur from the Baltic Plain into northern Ukraine
- Western Europe will continue drier biased through the second week of the forecast, although at least some light precipitation will develop briefly
- Western CIS weather conditions will not change greatly this week with waves of rain and snow likely through the next ten days maintaining status quo soil moisture and snow cover while crops are dormant
 - Heavy snow accumulation is possible from eastern Belarus to parts of Russia's Southern Region
 - Soil moisture will be abundant this spring
- India precipitation is still advertised to be minimal over the next ten days to two weeks outside of minor production areas from Uttarakhand northwest to Jammu and Kashmir
 - Dryness will soon become a concern for wheat, rapeseed, mustard, sorghum, corn, dry bean and peas as well as other crops
 - Temperatures will be warmer than usual in west-central and northwestern parts of the nation, but no extreme heat is presently expected
- China precipitation will be restricted for a while
 - The greatest precipitation will fall from Sichuan to Yunnan with much of that expected this weekend into much of next week
 - o Precipitation elsewhere will be limited for much of the next two weeks
 - The bottom line for China is still looking very good for spring rice planting in the southeast, resuming rapeseed development later this month in the Yangtze River Basin and a good start to wheat growing in March.
- Eastern Australia will continue to struggle for rain in unirrigated summer crop areas for the next ten days and possibly longer
 - Crop moisture stress will remain a concern in the dryland areas of Queensland with a few areas in New South Wales also hurting for moisture
- South Africa rainfall will continue to occur routinely in the next ten days to two weeks in eastern parts of the nation while the precipitation remains a little more sporadic in the west
 - The bottom line should still be good for 2023 production
- North Africa rainfall was restricted during the weekend and more of the same is expected
 - Rain may fall later this week and into the weekend in the drought stricken region of southwestern Morocco, but the region could not be planted this year because of no water supply and the moisture will not likely induce any change on production for this year.
 - Other areas in North Africa are unlikely to get much moisture, but rain was common in northeastern Algeria and Tunisia last week
- Evidence continues to rise over the prospects for a Sudden Stratospheric Warming Event (SSW) that should begin to evolve this week and become notable in the last days of February and especially in March
 - Cooler than usual temperatures will accompany the event from the central Canada Prairies into the heart of the Great Plains and a part of the Midwest during late February and especially March
 - An increase in winter storminess is likely in the interior eastern U.S. through the New England states
- Middle East precipitation is expected to be erratic over the next couple of weeks raising some need for greater precipitation prior to cotton and rice planting season.
 - Wheat conditions are rated favorably
- Eastern Africa precipitation will be greatest in Tanzania during the next ten days which is not unusual at this time of year
- West Africa rainfall is expected to be mostly confined to coastal areas during the next ten days, but a few showers will occasionally reach into a few coffee and cocoa production areas especially in lvory Coast

Terry Reilly Grain Research

• Seasonal rains should begin over a larger part of west-central Africa in a few weeks.

• Today's Southern Oscillation Index was +13.32 and it will move erratically higher over the next several days. Source: World Weather and FI

Bloomberg Ag calendar

Tuesday, Feb. 14:

- France farm ministry's report on output in 2022 and winter plantings in 2023
- New Zealand food prices
- EU weekly grain, oilseed import and export data

Wednesday, Feb. 15:

- Suspended CFTC commitments of traders weekly report on positions for various US futures and options
- EIA weekly US ethanol inventories, production, 10:30am
- Malaysia's Feb. 1-15 palm oil export data
- FranceAgriMer's monthly grains balance sheet report

Thursday, Feb. 16:

- International Grains Council's monthly report
- USDA weekly net- export sales for corn, soybeans, wheat, cotton, pork and beef, 8:30am
- Port of Rouen data on French grain exports
- Russia Grain Conference, Sochi

Friday, Feb. 17:

- ICE Futures Europe weekly commitments of traders report
- CFTC commitments of traders weekly report on positions for various US futures and options, 3:30pm
- FranceAgriMer's weekly crop conditions reports

Source: Bloomberg and FI

Macros

109 Counterparties Take \$2.077 Tln At Fed Reverse Repo Op. (Prev \$2.108 Tln, 102 Bids)

US CPI (M/M) Jan: 0.5% (est 0.5%; prevR 0.1%)

US CPI Ex Food and Energy (M/M) Jan: 0.4% (est 0.4%; prevR 0.4%)

US CPI (Y/Y) Jan: 6.4% (est 6.2%; prev 6.5%)

US CPI Ex Food and Energy (Y/Y) Jan: 5.6% (est 5.5%; prev 5.7%)

US Real Avg Hourly Earning (Y/Y) Jan: -1.8% (prevR -1.5%)

US Real Avg Weekly Earnings (Y/Y) Jan: -1.5% (prevR -2.6%)

U.S. Dec PPI For Final Demand Revised To -0.4 PCT (PREV -0.5 PCT)

U.S. Dec PPI For Final Demand Exfood/Energy Unrevised At +0.1 PCT

U.S. Dec PPI Final Demand Exfood/Energy/Trade Unrevised At +0.1 PCT

U.S. PPI Revisions Reflect Recalculated Seasonal Adjustment Factors

Corn

- CBOT corn futures traded tow-sided, ending mixed with nearby contracts lower. Lack of direction was noted. Back month corn gained on soybeans in an attempt to buy some corn acres back. We are using 91.3 million acres for corn and 89.1 million for soybeans for our working March Intentions estimate.
- Black Sea shipping concerns continue to underpin prices. To extend the grain shipping deal, Russia would like to see some sanctions lifted.

• Mexico scrapped their plan to ban GMO corn imports for feed and industrial use but will still phase out genetically modified corn for human consumption as well as the herbicide glyphosate. Mexico depends on about 17 million tons of GMO yellow corn from the US, most of it used for feed.

	•••••										
Data g	enerated	on 1	Tuesday, Febru	ary 14, 2023 at 12:51	:45 PMEST						
Area/Partners of Destination					January - Dec	cember					
And Co	And Commodities Exported				Quantities/Unit Values in Dollars						
						2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	Partner		HS Code	Product	UOM	Qty	Qty	Qty	Qty	Qty	Qty
1	Mexico	1		Com	MT	14,698,071.00	16,698,898.00	14,517,970.00	14, 525, 104.00	16,840,374.00	15,404,870.00
1	Mexico	1.1	1005902035	#3 CORN, EX SD	MT	510, 332.00	219,444.00	315,731.00	100,658.00	84,655.00	218,089.00
1	Mexico	1.2	1005904055	CORN, WHITE, EX SD	MT	965, 353.00	1,107,588.00	768,062.00	525,069.00	861,694.00	460,852.00
1	Mexico	1.3	1005902030	#2 CORN, EX SD	MT	12,783,996.00	14,816,712.00	13,108,937.00	13,432,966.00	15,517,982.00	14,472,927.00
1	Mexico	1.4	1005902070	CORN, YELLOW, NES	MT	65,904.00	80,844.00	21,901.00	60,278.00	15,262.00	9,043.00
1	Mexico	1.5	1005902020	#1 CORN, EX SD	MT	218,839.00	258,747.00	142,927.00	222, 378.00	143,130.00	111,942.00
1	Mexico	1.6	1005904065	CORN, NES	MT	150,768.00	214, 100.00	143,440.00	109, 269.00	177,239.00	115,780.00
1	Mexico	1.7	1005902045	#4 CORN, X SD	MT	2,879.00	1,463.00	16,972.00	74,486.00	40,412.00	16,237.00
Note s											
4. Proc	duct Grou	p : F.	AS(Agricultura	% White		6.6%	6.6%	5.3%	3.6%	5.1%	3.0%

US corn exports to Mexico by year

- The Baltic Dry index fell 8.6% to 563 points.
- Brazil's Anec estimated February corn exports at 2.116 MMT from 2.292 seen previous week.
- A Bloomberg poll looks for weekly US ethanol production to be up 4,000 thousand barrels to 1004k (980-1020 range) from the previous week and stocks up 115,000 barrels to 24.532 million.

Export developments.

• None reported.

Corn		Change	Oats		Changa	Ethanol	Settle	
Corn		Change			Change			
MAR3	682.25	(2.75)	MAR3	366.00	(7.25)	FEB3	2.19	Spot DDGS IL
MAY3	679.50	(2.75)	MAY3	364.25	(3.75)	MAR3	2.21	NYM Chi. ETH
JUL3	667.50	(1.75)	JUL3	366.75	(2.25)	APR3	2.22	+ Corn
SEP3	612.25	0.50	SEP3	367.50	(2.50)	MAY3	2.22	Ethanol Crush
DEC3	597.00	0.25	DEC3	369.75	(2.25)	JUN3	2.23	1.43
MAR4	604.75	0.50	MAR4	371.75	(7.00)	JUL3	2.22	
Soybean/	Corn	Ratio	Spread	Change	Wheat/Cori	n Ratio	Spread	Change
MAY3	MAR3	2.24	847.00	(4.00)	MAR3	1.15	102.50	(4.50)
JUL3	MAY3	2.23	839.00	(4.25)	MAY3	1.17	115.75	(2.75)
AUG3	JUL3	2.22	815.00	(1.75)	JUL3	1.20	130.75	(2.50)
NOV3	SEP3	2.26	770.25	(2.75)	SEP3	1.32	193.50	(4.50)
JAN4	DEC3	2.32	789.00	(3.00)	DEC3	1.37	221.50	(3.25)
MAY4	MAR4	2.26	763.50	(3.75)	MAR4	1.37	221.50	(3.50)
US Corn B	asis & Barge	Freight						· · · ·
Gulf Corn		- U	BRAZIL CO	rn Basis		Chicago	+1	0 h unch
FE	B +77/8	1 h unch		JLY +43/52 n	dn2/up2	Toledo	-2	5 h unch
MC		6 h unch		AUG +90 / 105 u	unch	Decatur	+3	3 k unch
AP		0 k unch		SEP +90 / 105 u	up10/unch	Dayton	+	6 h unch
MA	•	7 k unch		OCT +100 / 110 z	up5/up10	Cedar Rap		0 k unch
JUN		7 n unch		,	apo, ap = 0	Burns Har		0 0
USD/ton:	Ukraine Ode		0				Cairo Barge F	
,		·		04.1 302.2 299.4	в	rgF MTCT FE	-	unchanged
		. ,		17.8 418.0 417.0		gF MTCT MA		unchanged
		()						•
		ob UpRiver -		<u> </u>	Ы	rgF MTCT AP	n 323	unchanged
Source: FI	, DJ, Reuters	& various tra	ide sources					

Updated 02/13/23

March corn \$6.55-\$6.95 range. May \$6.25-\$7.00

Soybeans

- CBOT soybeans ended lower following a reversal in soybean meal. SBO was higher from the reversal in meal/oil spreading. The weakness in WTI crude oil failed to pressure soybean oil. News was light. The morning weather forecast turned little more favorable for South America.
- Agroconsult estimated Brazilian soybean production at 153 million tons for 2022-23, down from previous 153.4 million tons.
- Brazil's Anec estimated February soybean exports at 9.390 MMT from 9.693 seen previous week. SBM was pegged at 1.860 MMT from 1.740 MMT previous week.
- India's government estimated 2023 rapeseed production at a record 12.8 million tons, a 7.1% increase from year earlier.
- A Reuters poll calls for the January NOPA crush to end up near 181.7 million bushels, up 2.3% percent from December. The range was 177.0 to 187.0 million bushels. End of January stocks are seen at 1.906 billion pounds, up 6.4% from the end of December and down 5.9% from 2.026 billion at the end of January 2022. Stocks ranged from 1.816 billion to 2.050 billion pounds.

Export Developments

• None reported.

NOPA CRUSH REPORT									
	Actual	Trade	Act-						
	Jan-23	Est.	Trade*	Dec-22	Nov-22	Jan-22			
Crush- mil bu		181.7	na	177.5	179.2	182.2			
Oil Stocks-mil lbs		1906	na	1791	1630	2026			
Oil Yield -lbs/bu		na	na	11.74	11.63	11.81			
Meal Yield -lbs/bu		na	na	47.52	47.05	46.88			
Sources: NOPA, and FI *(Reu	iters range 177.0)-187.0, 1816-20	50) (Bloomber	g 182.5, 1907)					

Due out 2/15

Soybea	ns		Change	Soybean Meal			Change	Soybean Oi		Change
MAR3		1537.00	(5.75)	MAR3	501.40		(2.60)	MAR3	60.22	0.08
MAY3		1529.25	(6.75)	MAY3	482.90		(2.50)	MAY3	60.35	0.11
JUL3		1518.50	(7.00)	JUL3	472.00		(2.60)	JUL3	60.26	0.09
AUG3		1482.50	(3.50)	AUG3	456.40		(1.90)	AUG3	59.88	0.11
SEP3		1414.50	(1.75)	SEP3	437.60		(1.20)	SEP3	59.30	0.04
NOV3		1382.50	(2.25)	ОСТЗ	423.00		(0.40)	ОСТЗ	58.78	0.06
JAN4		1386.00	(2.75)	DEC3	420.30		(0.60)	DEC3	58.53	0.05
Soybea	ns	Spread	Change	SoyMeal	Spread		Change	SoyOil	Spread	Change
Mar-Ma	ay	-7.75	(1.00)	Mar-May	-18.50		0.10	Mar-May	0.13	0.03
Electron	nic Be	eans Crush		Oil as %	Meal/Oi	il \$	Meal	Oil		
Month		Margin		of Oil&Meal	Con. Val	ue	Value	Value		
MAR3		228.50	MAR3	37.52%	\$	14,008	1103.08	662.42		
MAY3		196.98	MAY3	38.46%	\$	12,080	1062.38	663.85	EUR/USD	1.0737
JUL3		182.76	JUL3	38.96%	\$	11,044	1038.40	662.86	Brazil Real	5.2038
AUG3		180.26	AUG3	39.61%	\$	9,712	1004.08	658.68	Malaysia Bid	4.3470
SEP3		200.52	SEP3	40.39%	\$	8,180	962.72	652.30	China RMB	6.8255
OCT3/N	IOV3	194.68	OCT3	41.00%	\$	7,032	930.60	646.58	AUD	0.6990
NOV3/D	DEC3	185.99	DEC3	41.05%	\$	6,912	924.66	643.83	CME Bitcoin	22206
JAN4		168.96	JAN4	41.21%	\$	6,594	914.10	640.86	3M Libor	4.87157
MAR4		158.99	MAR4	41.71%	\$	5,738	893.42	639.32	Prime rate	7.7500
MAY4		152.17	MAY4	41.95%	\$	5,332	882.64	637.78		
US Soyb	bean	Complex Basi	s							
	FEB	+95 / 100 h						DECATUR	+17 k	unch
Ν	ЛСН	+95 / 97 h	-	IL SBM (truck)			2/7/2023	SIDNEY	+5 h	unch
	APR	+94 / 96 k		CIF Meal			2/7/2023	CHICAGO	-5 f	unch
	MAY	+90 / 92 k		Oil FOB NOLA		550	2/3/2023	TOLEDO	-	unch
JL	UNE	+90 / 95 n	unch	Decatur Oil		400	2/3/2023	BRNS HRBR		unch
								C. RAPIDS	+25 k	up5
		Brazil Soybea	-		Brazil M		-		Brazil Oil Para	•
	ЛСН	-	dn8/unch	MCH			unch/up1		-900 / -870 h	
	APR	•	dn1/unch	APR	+8/+		dn2/dn1		•	dn120/dn150
		+10 / +15 k	•	MAY	,		unch/dn2		-	dn110/dn200
	UNE	+25 / +42 n	•	JUNE	+8 / +		unch/dn1		·1290 / -1100 I	•
J	IULY	+31 / +40 n		JULY		-17 IJ	unch/dn1		·1290 / -1100 I	
Sources			na meal (ST)		61.3		Argentina oil	Spot fob	52.1	-8.23
source:	FT, D	J, Reuters & v	arrous trade	e sources						

Terry Reilly Grain Research

Updated 02/13/23 Soybeans – March \$14.85-\$15.50, May \$14.75-\$16.00 Soybean meal – March \$450-\$515, May \$425-\$500 Soybean oil – March 58.50-63.00, May 58-70

Wheat

- Chicago wheat futures were lower but remain near a 6-week high from ongoing Black Sea grain shipping concerns as traders expect fighting to intensify. Funds booked some profits today. KC was settled lower and MN higher in the nearby positions. A lower USD limited losses.
- Paris March wheat was up 1.25 euros at 299.50 per ton.
- Euronext reported non-commercial market participants slightly lifted their net short position in Euronext's milling wheat futures and options in the week to Feb. 3, to 46,629 contracts from 46,354 a week earlier.
- India's government estimated 2023 wheat production at a record 112.2 million tons, a 4.1% increase from year earlier. 2022 output was 107.74 million tons and 2021 at 109.59 million. Harvesting of new-crop wheat starts next month. India may still extend their ban on wheat exports despite the large crop in order to cool inflation.
- Russia's AgMin estimates 95 percent of their crops are rated in good or satisfactory position.
- Ukraine warned over the risk of mines potentially drifting along the coastline near Odesa. The mines that are anchored could break away during storms, Ukraine said.

SovEcon Rus	SovEcon Russia's grain exports (000 tons)														
			Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.					
	July 2019-	July 20-	11.22	Δμα 22	Sep-22	Oct 22	Nov 22	Doc 22	lan 22	Feb-23	Jul-Feb	YOY %			
	June 2020	June 21	Jui-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	001-22	1100-22	Det-22	Jan-25	FED-25	Jui-reb	101 //			
Wheat	33,968	38,052	2,300	3,500	4,100	4,300	4,300	4,000	3,700	3,700	29,900	21%			
Barley	4,499	6293	200	600	300	350	400	200	100	100	2,250	-24%			
Corn	4,206	4243	150	100	50	50	150	300	300	300	1,400	-21%			
Grains															
(wheat+barley+	42,673	48,588	2,650	4,200	4,450	4,700	4,850	4,500	4,100	4,100	33,550	14%			
corn)															
Source: SovEcon, Re	euters and FI														

Export Developments.

- Japan in a SBS import tender seeks 70,000 tons of feed wheat and 40,000 tons oof feed barley on Feb 15 for loading by May 31.
- Japan's AgMin seeks 76,203 tons of food wheat from the US, Canada and Australia, later this week for March 21-May 31 loading.

Y	TYPE	QUANTITY
	Dark Northern Spring(protein minimum 14.0 pct)	22,178 *
	Western Red Spring(protein minimum 13.5 pct)	31,000 *
a	Standard White(West Australia)	23,025 **
ts: *Loadin	ng between Mar 21 and Apr 20	
ng between	n May 1 and May 31	
0	n May 1 and May 31 , Reuters and Fl	

Rice/Other

• The Philippines are in for sugar.

Chicago V	Vheat	Change	KC Wheat		Change	MN Whea	t Settle	Change
MAR3	784.75	(7.25)	MAR3	905.25	(7.00)	MAR3	932.00	1.25
MAY3	795.25	(5.50)	MAY3	894.25	(6.00)	MAY3	923.75	0.50
JUL3	798.25	(4.25)	JUL3	878.75	(6.50)	JUL3	916.75	(0.50)
SEP3	805.75	(4.00)	SEP3	877.25	(5.00)	SEP3	898.50	(0.75)
DEC3	818.50	(3.00)	DEC3	880.00	(4.25)	DEC3	902.00	(0.50)
MAR4	826.25	(3.00)	MAR4	879.75	(2.50)	MAR4	903.00	(0.75)
MAY4	826.25	(1.75)	MAY4	871.00	(1.50)	MAY4	897.25	1.00
Chicago R	ice	Change						
MAR3	17.72	(0.195)	MAY3	17.95	(0.240)	JUL3	18.24	(0.250)
US Whea	t Basis							
Gulf SRW Wheat			Gulf HRW V	Vheat		Chicago mil	l -5	h unch
FI	EB +100 / 120)h unch	F	EB +155 h	unch	Toledo	o -25	h unch
M	CH +100 / 120)h unch	M	CH +155 h	unch	PNW US So	oft White 10.5%	% protein BID
A	PR +90/9	7 k unch	A	PR +162 k	unch	PNW Feb	85	0 unchanged
0-Ja	an		М	AY +162 k	unch	PNW Mar	85	0 unchanged
0-Ja	n					PNW Apr	85	-
0.00						PNW May	85	e
Paris Who	eat	Change	01	OI Change	World Pric	,		Change
MAR3	300.00	1.25	94,690	(9,762)	US SRW FC		\$336.90	\$2.20
MAY3	297.25	0.75	130,910	(3,039)	US HRW FO		\$401.30	\$1.20
SEP3	287.25	1.75	75,052	804	Rouen FOE		\$325.63	\$1.75
DEC3	288.25	2.75	64,191	(91)	Russia FO		\$303.00	(\$2.00)
EUR	1.0738			(/		eed (Odessa)	\$257.50	\$0.00
					Arg. Bread		\$487.49	\$1.38

Source: FI, DJ, Reuters & various trade sources

Updated 02/10/23 Chicago – March \$7.50 to \$8.10, May \$7.00-\$8.25 KC – March \$8.55-\$9.20, \$7.50-\$9.25 MN – March \$9.00 to \$9.60, \$8.00-\$10.00

USDA Export Sales Estimates/Results in 000 tons

		ESTIMATED 2/9/2023			2/2/2023 Last Week			2/10/2022 Year Ago	
Beans	22/23	500-800		22/23	459.4		21/22	1,361.8	
	n/c	0-100		23/24	185.0		22/23	1,526.0	
					Sales to China	518.9		Sales to China	224.5
			Shipped			Shipped			Shipped
Meal	22/23	175-300	200-300	22/23	181.7	312.8	21/22	279.1	187.9
	n/c	0-25		n/c	1.0		n/c	40.0	
			Shipped			Shipped			Shipped
Oil	22/23	0-4	0-5	22/23	2.0	2.3	21/22	35.4	33.3
	n/c	0.0		n/c	0.0		n/c	0.0	
					Sales to China	0.0		Sales to China	0.0
Corn	22/23	950-1200		22/23	1,160.3		21/22	820.0	
	n/c	100-150		23/24	10.0		22/23	113.5	
					Sales to China	29.0		Sales to China	5.5
Wheat	22/23	150-300		22/23	131.4		22/23	118.1	
	n/c	0-50		n/c	19.5		22/23	10.5	

o/c=Old Crop, n/c= New Crop Souce: Futures International and USDA

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